JOHN BENNETT fine paintings

English Men o' War and a Royal Yacht moored in an estuary with mussel fishermen on the shore in the foreground and other figures by the Black Lion inn

FRANCIS SWAINE

Sold



REF: 374809

London, England

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Height: 60.5 cm (23.8")

Width: 115.5 cm (45.5")

Framed Height: 73.6 cm (29")

Framed Width: 129 cm (50.8")

Description

FRANCIS SWAINE
1725-1782
English School

English Men o' War and a Royal Yacht moored in an estuary with mussel fishermen on the shore in the foreground and other figures by the Black Lion inn

Oil on canvas, signed60.5 x 115.5 cms23 5/8 x 45 1/2 insOverall framed size 73.6 x 129 cms29 x 50 3/4 ins

Francis Swaine was a painter of marines, sea fights and landscapes. He was christened at St Dunstan's in Stepney, London on 7th October 1725 and his parents were Francis Swaine and Ann Joel.

In the lists of officers and clerks in the employment of the Treasurer and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, Francis senior is recorded as applying to become a messenger in 1735. He cited as his suitability for the position his experience of over twenty-eight years serving in the Navy and that his father had been purser on board the Royal Katherine. Furthermore, he stated that he had five young children and that he had been engaged in "…little labours in drawing". Francis Swaine Snr was given the position of Navy Messenger and served until his death on 10th October 1755.

Francis Swaine the artist known today may have had some basic instruction in drawing from his father but the most likely artist who employed him as a pupil was the renowned marine painter Peter Monamy (1681-1749). There is strong evidence to support this as Admiral Sir George Young's son, Sir Samuel Young (1766-1826), refers to Swaine in his will as: "Old Swaine, pupil of Monami" (sic). There is another reference to their artistic relationship in the Biographical History of England by Mark Noble published in 1806 and under Monamy's entry appears: "Swaine, of Stretton Ground, Westminster, his disciple, and bred under him, was an excellent painter of moon-light pieces." Swaine's renowned painting of the Capture of the Foudrayant, a French naval vessel which was later incorporated into the English Navy, was taken in what became known as the "Moonlight Battle". Further proof of the influence that Monamy had on the aspirant painter and the close regard in which he was held can be evinced by Swaine's marriage on 29th June1749 at Allhallows, London Wall to Monamy's daughter Mary. The Swaines had two children: Anna Maria who was christened on 27th January 1751 and Monamy, named after his father's mentor, on 27th February 1753.

Francis Swaine was particularly adept at portraying fresh, breezy seascapes demonstrating a light touch and instinctive sense of what colours are most attractive. His pen and wash drawings can be particularly fine displaying a liveliness in the strokes which conjures up the sea's energy. His open seascapes are closer to Charles Brooking (1723-1759) in style whereas his calm, close to the shore paintings and estuary scenes clearly show the influence of Monamy.

He was also influenced by the Dutch masters and it is said that the art dealers of the day sold some of his paintings as "English van der Veldes." However, although little is known about whether he gained practical experience by going to sea, it is most apparent that his knowledge of ships was considerable and that his artistic skill in portraying sailing vessels and...

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